

Iowa Leading Indicators Index June 2011 Report

Tax Research and Program Analysis Section Released August 1, 2011

The lowa Leading Indicators Index (ILII) remained at 104.8 (100=1999) in June 2011 with the one-half of one percent decline from May rounding to the same value in both months. The lowa non-farm employment coincident index experienced its eleventh consecutive monthly increase with a 0.06 percent rise in June, the sixth consecutive monthly increase above 0.05 percent.

The ILII's value decreased 0.1 percent in June, the second consecutive decline after nineteen months of increases. During the six-month span through June, the ILII rose 1.6 percent (an annualized rate of 3.3 percent). The six-month diffusion index dropped to 50.0 with half of the eight components (average weekly manufacturing hours, the lowa stock market index, new residential building permits, and the national yield spread) experiencing a decline of more than 0.05 percent over the last half a year.

In June, three of eight lowa Leading Indicators Index components contributed positively. The positive contributors were the agricultural futures profits index, unemployment insurance claims (inverted) and diesel fuel consumption. The new orders index, average weekly manufacturing hours, the lowa stock market index, the national yield spread, and new residential building permits were the negative contributors.

Index (1999=100)

Non-Farm Employment Index

Non-Farm Employment Index

ILII

102

100

98

96

94

Jan-99 Jan-00 Jan-01 Jan-02 Jan-03 Jan-04 Jan-05 Jan-06 Jan-07 Jan-08 Jan-09 Jan-10 Jan-11

Month and Year

Figure 1. Iowa Leading Indicators Index and Iowa Non-Farm Employment Coincident Index: January 1999-June 2011

Table 1. Iowa Leading Indicators Index: Six Month Overview

Monthly Values	2011 January	February	March	April	May	June
ILII	103.7	104.3	104.5	104.9	104.8	104.8
Percentage Change ^a	0.6%	0.6%	0.2%	0.4%	-0.1%	-0.1%
Diffusion Index ^b	75.0	75.0	50.0	62.5	37.5	37.5
Six-Month Values	Jul to	Aug to	Sep to	Oct to	Nov to	Dec to
Six-Month Values	January	February	March	April	May	June
ILII	4.00/	4.00/	0.60/	0.40/	O F0/	1 00/
Percentage Change Annualized Percentage Change	4.0% 7.9%	4.0% 8.0%	3.6% 7.2%	3.4% 6.8%	2.5% 5.0%	1.6% 3.3%
Diffusion Index	87.5	87.5	87.5	87.5	87.5	50.0

Source: Tax Research and Program Analysis Section, Iowa Department of Revenue, produced July 28, 2011.

Table 2. Iowa Leading Indicators Index Components: Six Month Overview

	2011						
Component Series Monthly Values ^a	_	January	February	March	April	May	June
AFPI ^b	↑ ^c						
Corn Profits (cents per bushel)	1	123.8	153.8	183.2	219.6	252.5	275.4
Soybean Profits (cents per bushel)		322.6	364.4	407.4	449.0	491.7	521.9
Hog Profits (cents per pound)		23.1	23.4	23.3	23.2	22.4	22.1
Cattle Profits (cents per pound)		5.7	5.9	6.1	5.9	5.0	4.2
Iowa Stock Market Index (10=1984-86)	\downarrow	77.92	80.54	78.47	77.75	74.40	71.43
Yield Spread (10-year less 3-month)	ļ	3.24	3.45	3.31	3.40	3.13	2.96
Building Permits	1	624	613	605	624	624	622
Average Weekly Unemployment Claims ^d	↑	4.567	4.453	4.328	4.254	4.170	4,080
Average Weekly Manufacturing Hours	Ĺ	41.3	41.2	41.1	40.9	40.8	40.7
New Orders Index (percent)	Ĭ	72.2	73.6	74.1	74.0	72.9	70.6
Diesel Fuel Consumption (mil gallons)	†	54.57	54.87	54.92	54.99	54.74	54.94

Source: Tax Research and Program Analysis Section, Iowa Department of Revenue, produced July 28, 2011.

a. Percentage changes in the ILII do not always equal changes in the level of the ILII due to rounding.

b. A diffusion index measures the proportion of components that are rising based on the actual changes (not the standardized contributions to the ILII). Components experiencing increases greater than 0.05 percent are assigned a value of 1.0, components that experience changes less than an absolute value of 0.05 percent are assigned a value of 0.5, and components experiencing decreases greater than 0.05 percent are assigned a value of 0.0.

a. For all component series except for the yield spread and the lowa stock market index, the values represent 12-month backward moving averages.

b. The agricultural futures profits index is computed as the sum of the standardized symmetric percent changes in the four series, each weighted by the commodity's annual share of lowa cash farm income (updated August 31, 2010).

c. Arrows indicate the direction of the series' contribution to the ILII for the latest month.

d. Changes in unemployment claims are inverted when added to the ILII, thus a negative change in the series contributes positively to the index.

ILII Components

- Agricultural futures profits index: Composite measure of corn, soybean, hog, and cattle
 expected profits, measured as the futures price less estimated breakeven costs, weighted by
 the respective share of annual lowa cash farm income. Changes are calculated based on a
 12-month moving average. During June, this component contributed 0.17 to the ILII value as
 the 12-month moving average of expected profits for corn and soybeans improved.
 Compared to last year; corn prices are up 82 percent, soybean prices are up 48 percent,
 cattle prices are up 19 percent, and hog prices are up 17 percent.
- Average weekly unemployment claims: Weekly average of initial claims for unemployment insurance in lowa. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average and are inverted when added to the ILII. This component contributed 0.07 to the ILII value. The 12-month moving average of claims fell to 4,080 with unemployment claims for the month 25.1 percent below June 2010 claims. Initial claims for June 2011 remained 19.5 percent above average June claims (1987-2008).
- **Diesel fuel consumption:** Number of taxable gallons of diesel fuel sold in Iowa. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average. Diesel fuel consumption rose 4.6 percent between June 2010 and 2011, causing the 12-month moving average to increase 0.4 percent to 54.94 million gallons, and contributing 0.07 to the ILII value.
- **Building permits:** Number of total permits issued in Iowa for the construction of residential housing units. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average. For June, this component contributed -0.01 to the ILII with the 12-month moving average dipping to 622. June 2011 permits were 3.4 percent lower than the number of permits issued in June 2010, and they were still 41.7 percent below the historical average for June (1998-2008).
- **Yield spread:** Difference between the yield on 10-year Treasury bonds and 3-month Treasury notes. During June, the yield spread decreased to 2.96 percent as the long-term rate dropped 17 basis points while the short-term rate was unchanged. For the month, the yield spread contributed -0.06 to the ILII.
- **lowa stock market index:** Capitalization-weighted index of 34 lowa-based or lowa-concentrated publicly-traded companies. During June 2011, 8 of the 34 companies gained value, including just 3 of the 12 financial-sector companies. The stock market index fell to 71.43, contributing -0.07 to the ILII value.
- Average weekly manufacturing hours: Weekly average of hours worked in the
 manufacturing sector in lowa. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving
 average. For June 2011, the 12-month moving average fell to 40.7, contributing -0.08 to the
 ILII. June 2011 hours were 39.9, down from 41.3 hours reported in June 2010. Average
 manufacturing hours remained over one hour below the historical average (1998-2008) for
 the seventh consecutive month.
- New orders index: Diffusion index measuring the share of purchasing managers in lowa reporting increases in orders received for manufacturing output. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average. In June, the index dropped to 59.1 from 68.3 in May, and below the 87.0 reading from a year ago. However, the monthly index remains in expansion territory, defined as values above 50. The 12-month moving average of the new orders index dropped to 70.6, contributing -0.14 to the ILII.

Table 3. ILII Components and Standardization Factors for FY 2011

eading Indicator Index Components	Standardization Factor		
Agricultural Futures Profits Index	0.054		
Iowa Stock Market Index	0.017		
Yield Spread	0.326		
Building Permits	0.037		
Average Weekly Unemployment Claims	0.034		
Average Weekly Manufacturing Hours	0.284		
New Orders Index	0.062		
Diesel Fuel Consumption	0.186		

Source: Tax Research and Program Analysis Section, Iowa Department of Revenue, produced August 31, 2010. The standardization factors are the inverse of the standard deviation of the month-to-month changes in each component over the January 1999 to June 2010 period. These factors equalize the volatility of the contribution from each component and are normalized to one. The month-to-month changes are based on 12-month backward moving averages for all components except the yield spread and the lowa stock market index. The yield spread and new orders index changes are simple arithmetic changes; month-to-month changes for the rest of the components are computed as symmetric percentage changes. The factors are updated annually during August.

Comments

The lowa Leading Indicators Index (ILII) is designed to forecast the likely future direction of economic activity in the state of lowa. The techniques used to build the ILII follow those used by The Conference Board to construct the national Leading Economics Index (LEI) prior to the 2001 revisions. A one-month movement in such an index does not produce a clear signal, rather it is necessary to consider the direction of the index over several consecutive months. The Conference Board considers a contraction signal in the LEI reliable when two conditions are met: 1. the index declines by at least two percent over a six month period (using an annualized rate); and, 2. a majority of the individual components decline over those six months (the six-month diffusion index less than 50.0).

The lowa non-farm employment coincident index measures the change in non-seasonally adjusted, total non-farm employment in the state of lowa. Changes are based on a 12-month moving average of employment and are computed as symmetric percentage changes. The index is a representation of overall economic activity in lowa

The employment index and the ILII are constructed to have a value of 100 in the year 1999.

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