IOWA Department of REVENUE

Iowa Leading Indicators Index October 2012 Report

Tax Research and Program Analysis Section Released December 3, 2012

The Iowa Leading Indicators Index (ILII) rose to 106.0 (100=1999) in October 2012 from 105.9 in September, the sixth consecutive increase. The Iowa non-farm employment coincident index recorded a 0.09 percent rise in October, which extends the streak of employment gains to twenty-five consecutive months.

The ILII's value increased 0.1 percent in October, after a 0.3 percent increase in September and a 0.2 percent increase in August. During the six-month span through October, the ILII increased 1.0 percent (an annualized rate of 2.1 percent), a growth level last seen in June 2011. The six-month diffusion index was 75 with six of the eight components (average weekly manufacturing hours, residential building permits, the new orders index, average weekly unemployment claims, diesel fuel consumption, and the lowa stock market index) experiencing an increase of more than 0.05 percent over the last half a year.

In October, three of eight Iowa Leading Indicators Index components contributed positively. The positive contributors were residential building permits, the national yield spread, and the new orders index. Average weekly unemployment claims (inverted), the agricultural futures profits index, average weekly manufacturing hours, the Iowa stock market index, and diesel fuel consumption all contributed to the index negatively.

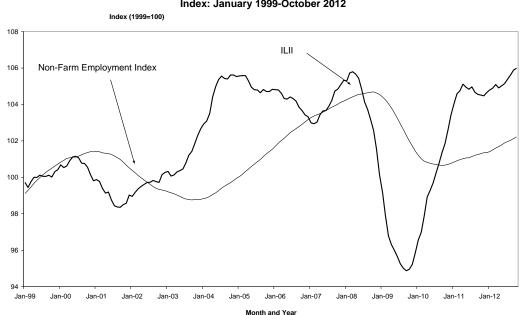


Figure 1. Iowa Leading Indicators Index and Iowa Non-Farm Employment Coincident Index: January 1999-October 2012

Table 1. Iowa Leading Indicators Index: Six Month Overview

	2012					
Monthly Values	May	June	July	August	September	October
ILII	105.0	105.1	105.4	105.6	105.9	106.0
Percentage Change ^a	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.1%
Diffusion Index ^b	62.5	62.5	75.0	75.0	75.0	31.3
	Nov to	Dec to	Jan to	Feb to	March to	April to
Six-Month Values	May	June	July	August	Sept	October
ILII						
Percentage Change	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.7%	0.8%	1.0%
Annualized Percentage Change	1.1%	0.9%	1.1%	1.4%	1.5%	2.1%
Diffusion Index	50.0	50.0	62.5	75.0	75.0	75.0

Source: Tax Research and Program Analysis Section, Iowa Department of Revenue, produced November 29, 2012.

Table 2. Iowa Leading Indicators Index Components: Six Month Overview

		2012				0	0.41
Component Series Monthly Values ^a		May	June	July	August	September	October
AFPI ^b	↓ ^c						
Corn Profits (cents per bushel)	•	304.1	291.0	295.2	298.8	299.5	305.8
Soybean Profits (cents per bushel)		498.9	491.9	502.4	520.1	541.1	561.3
Hog Profits (cents per pound)		24.0	24.1	24.0	22.7	21.2	19.4
Cattle Profits (cents per pound)		-3.9	-4.5	-5.2	-6.0	-7.1	-8.2
lowa Stock Market Index (10=1984-86)	\downarrow	71.59	70.91	74.05	75.31	77.31	76.02
Yield Spread (10-year less 3-month)	↑	1.71	1.53	1.43	1.58	1.61	1.65
Residential Building Permits	↑	671	679	702	721	753	795
Average Weekly Unemployment Claims ^d	\downarrow	3,469	3,460	3,421	3,398	3,381	3,389
Average Weekly Manufacturing Hours	\downarrow	40.8	40.9	40.9	40.8	40.8	40.8
New Orders Index (percent)	↑	63.8	65.0	65.4	66.6	67.2	67.4
Diesel Fuel Consumption (mil gallons)	\downarrow	54.88	55.00	54.99	55.05	55.12	55.01

Source: Tax Research and Program Analysis Section, Iowa Department of Revenue, produced November 29, 2012.

a. Percentage changes in the ILII do not always equal changes in the level of the ILII due to rounding.

b. A diffusion index measures the proportion of components that are rising based on the actual changes (not the standardized contributions to the ILII). Components experiencing increases greater than 0.05 percent are assigned a value of 1.0, components that experience changes less than an absolute value of 0.05 percent are assigned a value of 0.5, and components experiencing decreases greater than 0.05 percent are assigned a value of 0.0.

a. For all component series except for the yield spread and the lowa stock market index, the values represent 12-month backward moving averages.

b. The agricultural futures profits index is computed as the sum of the standardized symmetric percent changes in the four series, each weighted by the commodity's annual share of lowa cash farm income (updated August 28, 2012).

c. Arrows indicate the direction of the series' contribution to the ILII for the latest month.

d. Changes in average weekely initial unemployment insurance claims are inverted when added to the ILII, thus a negative change in the series contributes positively to the index.

ILII Components

- Residential building permits: Number of total permits issued in lowa for the construction of residential housing units. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average. For October, this component contributed 0.20 to the ILII with the 12-month moving average increasing to 795. October 2012 permits were 77.0 percent above the number of permits issued in October 2011, but 11.0 percent below the historical average for October (1998-2008).
- Yield spread: Difference between the yield on 10-year Treasury bonds and 3-month Treasury notes. During October, the yield spread rose to 1.65 percent as the long-term rate rose 3 basis points and the short-term rate fell 1 basis point. For the month, the yield spread contributed 0.01 to the ILII.
- New orders index: Diffusion index measuring the share of purchasing managers in Iowa reporting increases in orders received for manufacturing output. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average. In October, the monthly value of the index fell from the September value of 59.6 to 57.1, but it was above the value of 54.8 from a year ago. The 12-month moving average of the new orders index rose to 67.4, contributing 0.01 to the ILII.
- Average weekly unemployment claims: Weekly average of initial claims for unemployment insurance in lowa. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average and are inverted when added to the ILII. This component contributed -0.01 to the ILII value. The 12-month moving average of claims rose to 3,389 with unemployment claims for the month 8.1 percent above October 2011 claims, and 10.2 percent above average historical (1987-2008) claims for October.
- Agricultural futures profits index: Composite measure of corn, soybean, hog, and cattle expected profits, measured as the futures price less estimated breakeven costs, weighted by the respective share of lowa annual cash receipts. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average. During October, this component contributed -0.03 to the ILII value. Expected profits rose for both grains but fell for both livestock components. Compared to last year, corn prices are up 18.7 percent and soybean prices are up 26.8 percent, increasing expected profitability for both in October. Cattle prices are up 2.8 percent over last year, but that increase was not enough to offset higher production costs. Hog prices decreased 12.4 percent over last year and expected profitability fell.
- Average weekly manufacturing hours: Weekly average of hours worked in the manufacturing sector in lowa. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average. For October 2012, this component contributed -0.03 to the ILII value. October 2012 hours were 40.3 compared to 40.8 hours in October 2011, decreasing the 12-month moving average to 40.8.
- **lowa stock market index:** Capitalization-weighted index of 34 lowa-based or lowa-concentrated publicly-traded companies. During October 2012, 18 of the 34 companies gained value, including 6 of the 11 financial-sector companies. The stock market index fell to 76.02, contributing -0.03 to the ILII value.
- **Diesel fuel consumption:** Number of taxable gallons of diesel fuel sold in Iowa. Changes are calculated based on a 12-month moving average. Diesel fuel consumption decreased 2.4 percent between October 2011 and 2012, causing the 12-month moving average to fall to 55.01 million gallons from 55.12 in September, and contributing -0.04 to the ILII value.

Table 3. ILII Components and Standardization Factors for FY 2013

Leading Indicator Index Components	Standardization Factor		
Agricultural Futures Profits Index	0.049		
Iowa Stock Market Index	0.018		
Yield Spread	0.328		
Building Permits	0.036		
Average Weekly Unemployment Claims	0.033		
Average Weekly Manufacturing Hours	0.284		
New Orders Index	0.063		
Diesel Fuel Consumption	0.188		

Source: Tax Research and Program Analysis Section, Iowa Department of Revenue, produced August 28, 2012 The standardization factors are the inverse of the standard deviation of the month-to-month changes in each component over the January 1999 to June 2012 period. These factors equalize the volatility of the contribution from each component and are normalized to one. The month-to-month changes are based on 12-month backward moving averages for all components except the yield spread and the Iowa stock market index. The yield spread and new orders index changes are simple arithmetic changes; month-to-month changes for the rest of the components are computed as symmetric percentage changes. The factors are updated annually during August.

Comments

The lowa Leading Indicators Index (ILII) is designed to forecast the future direction of economic activity in the state of lowa. The techniques used to build the ILII follow those used by The Conference Board to construct the national Leading Economics Index (LEI) prior to the 2001 revisions. A one-month movement in such an index does not produce a clear signal, rather it is necessary to consider the direction of the index over several consecutive months. A contraction signal in the ILII is considered reliable when two conditions are met: 1. The index declines by at least two percent over a six month period (using an annualized rate); and, 2. A majority of the individual components decline over those six months (the six-month diffusion index less than 50.0).

The lowa non-farm employment coincident index measures the change in non-seasonally adjusted, total non-farm employment in the state of lowa. Changes are based on a 12-month moving average of employment and are computed as symmetric percentage changes. The index is a representation of overall economic activity in lowa.

The employment index and the ILII are constructed to have a value of 100 in the year 1999.

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