

| Name(s):   | Social Security Number:                   |
|--|---|
| How to Compute Your Underpayment (See Instruc            | tions)                                    |
| If at least two-thirds of gross annual income is from fa | arming and fishing, the return was filed, |
| and any tax due was paid by March 1, 2024, check th      | ne box, proceed to line 11 and enter "0"  |
| 1.Enter amount from 2023 IA 1040, line 18                | 1   |
| 2. Credits   |   |
| a. Iowa Fuel Tax Credit from IA 1040, line 23            | a   |
| b. Child and Dependent Care Credit or Early Ch           | ildhood Development                       |
| Credit from IA 1040, line 24                             | b   |
| c. Iowa Earned Income Tax Credit from IA 1040            | , line 25c                                |
| d. Other refundable credits from IA 1040, line 26        | 3d  |
| e. Composite and PTET credits from IA 1040, lir          | ne 27e                                    |
| Total. Add lines 2a through 2e                           | 2   |
| 3. Balance. Subtract line 2 from line 1                  | 3   |
| 4.Multiply line 3 by 66.7% (.667)                        | 4   |
| 5.Enter your 2022 tax. See instructions                  | 5   |
| 6.Enter the smaller amount of line 4 or line 5           | 6   |
| 7. Amounts withheld during 2023 and amounts paid of      | or credited by January 15, 2024 7.        |
| 8.Underpayment of estimated tax. Subtract line 7 from    | m line 6 8                                |
| Exception Which Avoids the Penalty                       |   |
| 9.Exception: Tax on 2022 return. See instructions        | 9   |
| How to Compute the Penalty                               |   |
| 10. Number of days from January 15, 2024, to date        | of payment or April 30, 2024,             |
| whichever is earlier. See instructions                   | 10  |
| 11 Penalty: See instructions. Enter here and on IA       | 10/10 line 35                             |



## Who must file IA 2210F?

Persons whose gross income from farming or fishing is at least two-thirds of their gross annual income from all sources should use this form to determine if their income tax was sufficiently paid throughout the year by withholding and/or installment payments. If not, a penalty may be imposed on the underpayment of the taxes. This form will help you determine if you are exempt from a penalty. See line 9 instructions below.

Filing an Estimate and Paying the Tax: If you file returns on a calendar-year basis and you are required to file form IA 1040ES, you are generally required to pay the tax in four installments with the first installment due by April 30. You can avoid this filing in one of the two ways noted:

- 1. File the installment and pay the tax in full by January 15, 2024.
- 2. File your return and pay the tax in full by March 1, 2024. If this exception is met, check the box at the top of page 1 indicating that at least two-thirds of gross annual income is from farming and fishing and the return was filed and any tax due was paid by March 1, 2024. If this box is checked, proceed to line 11 and enter zero.

**Note:** If a due date ends on a weekend or holiday as defined in Iowa Code section 421.9A, substitute the next regular business day for the due date.

**Line 5:** Enter your 2022 tax liability as reported on IA 1040, line 53 less 2022 total refundable credits as reported on IA 1040, lines 59, 60, 61, and 62.

If your 2022 federal AGI exceeds \$150,000 (\$75,000 for married filing separate federal returns) including any bonus depreciation adjustment/section 179 adjustment from IA 1040, line 14, and all other lowa net income decoupling, you must use 110% of the 2022 lowa tax less credits.

Taxpayers may avoid underpayment penalty if their estimated payments for 2023, made on or before the prescribed dates for payment, plus lowa tax withheld for 2023 is equal to the lesser of:

 90% of the tax shown on the 2023 return; or

- 100% of the tax shown on the 2022 return if your 2022 federal AGI plus any bonus depreciation/section 179 adjustment from IA 1040, line 14 and all other lowa net income decoupling is \$150,000 or less (\$75,000 or less for married filing separate federal returns); or
- 110% of the tax shown on the 2022 return if your 2022 federal AGI plus any bonus depreciation/section 179 adjustment from IA 1040, line 14 and all other lowa net income decoupling is greater than \$150,000 (or greater than \$75,000 for married filing separate federal returns).

Your 2022 return must have covered a period of 12 months.

Line 8: How to Compute Underpayment: If line 8 results in an underpayment, refer to line 9 to determine if the exception will avoid the penalty.

**Line 9: Penalty Exception:** No penalty will be imposed if your tax payments (amount on line 7) were made on or before the prescribed dates for payment and equal or exceed the amount determined under the following exception.

Prior Year's Tax: If your tax payments equal or exceed the tax on your 2022 tax return, no penalty will be imposed. Your 2022 return must have covered a period of 12 months.

Lines 10 and 11: How to Compute the Penalty: If your tax payments (amount on line 7) do not equal or exceed the amount determined under the exception on line 9, complete lines 10 and 11 to determine the amount of penalty. Enter the amount and check the box on IA 1040, line 35.

To compute penalty, use the following formula: Penalty (line 11) = daily % rate x number of days (line 10) x underpayment (line 8)

The daily percentage rate is:

• 10% per annum = 0.027322% per day (01/01/24 - 12/31/24)

Waiver of Penalty: The underpayment of estimated tax penalty may be waived if the underpayment was due to casualty, disaster, or other unusual circumstances. The penalty may also be waived if the taxpayer retired at age 62 or later, or became disabled in the tax year for which the estimated payments were required, and such underpayment was due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.