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Name(s)		SSN		
Part	t I: Sale of Real Property Used in a N	Non-Farm Business		
1.	Business name			
	Activity of the business			
3.	Check the business organization type (check only one)  Partnership □ S Corporation □  Sole Proprietorship □ C Corporation □  LLC □ Other □ (Explain:			
4.	Real property address or legal description			
5.	Ownership period a. Date acquiredb. Date sold			
6.	Length of holding period	Years 6a	Months 6b	
7.	If the taxpayer did not own the proper property for at least ten years under I		lain how the taxpayer held the	
Part	t II: Details of Property Sold			
1.	Was the property sold owned by a C corporation?  No □ Continue to Part II, line 2.  Yes □ Sale is not eligible for lowa capital gain deduction. Stop.			
2.	Are you the sole owner of this property? Married filers, see instructions.  No □ Continue to Part II, line 3.  Yes □ Enter 100% on Part II, line 3.			
3.	Enter taxpayer's ownership percentage decimal places (for example 65.2%)			
4.	Provide all other owner name(s)			



Э.	Purchase ☐ Involuntary Conversion ☐		Like-kind (IRC 1031) Exchange □
6.	Provide	e all purchaser name(s)	
7			
7.	No □	capital gain from an installment sale? I Continue to Part III, line 1. □ Enter the property installment sa	ale information:
	a.	Start date	7a
	b.	End date	7b
	C.	Total capital gain to be received by over the life of the installment sale.	
	d.	Capital gain received by the taxpaye	er in tax year 20177d. <u>\$</u>
Part	: III: Mate	erial Participation in a Business	
		·	roperty
Describe in detail the business use of this property			
2.	docume	• • •	participation test for which the taxpayer has of these apply, stop, the sale is not eligible for the
	2a. Test 1: Taxpayer participated in the business for more than 500 hours in the year		siness for more than 500 hours in the year $\square$
		est 2: Taxpayer's participation in the larticipation in the business in the yea	business constituted substantially all
			siness more than 100 hours in the year, business more
		est 4: Taxpayer participated in the bune other business in the year if, for ea	siness that sold the property and at least ach year claimed:
	•	Taxpayer participated more than 10	sinesses more than 500 hours total; and



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	2e. Test 5: Taxpayer materially participated in the business for five of the ten years immediately prior to the year claimed □
	2f. Test 6: Taxpayer materially participated in a personal service activity for at least three years (may be outside the ten years prior to the sale)□
	2g. Test 7: Taxpayer participated in the business more than 100 hours in the year and, based on all facts and circumstances, the participation was regular, continuous, and substantial.
3.	Describe in detail the daily, weekly, monthly, and annual duties of the taxpayer in the business associated with this property during the 10 years immediately prior to the sale. Include the years the taxpayer performed each duty.
4.	lowa capital gain deduction. If the taxpayer meets the holding period qualifications and material participation qualifications, enter the taxpayer's amount of capital gain deduction here and include on IA 1040 line 23 4. \$



# Instructions for 2017 IA 100C – Iowa Capital Gain Deduction for the Sale of Real Property Used in a Non-Farm Business

The Iowa capital gain deduction is subject to review by the Iowa Department of Revenue. The Department will use this form to verify that the taxpayer(s) qualifies for the deduction. The Department may request additional information if needed.

This completed form must be included with the IA 1040 to support the lowa capital gain deduction claimed for the sale of real property used in a non-farm business. Complete a separate IA 100C for each distinct property sale. The entire form must be completed each year of a qualifying installment sale.

For taxpayers filing separately on the same return, each spouse must complete an IA 100C for the lowa capital gain deduction claimed based on the spouse's ownership percentage in the property.

Flowcharts to assist in determining if a gain qualifies are also available in the expanded instructions online. For more information on the lowa capital gain deduction, see the instructions below and 701 IAC 40.38.

#### Part I: Sale of Real Property Used in a Non-Farm Business

Line 1. Enter the name(s) of the business that used the real property sold. Include all legal names and trade names used. If the business was a sole proprietorship with no separate legal or trade name, enter the taxpayer's name. Note: Do not enter the name(s) of any lessee business that paid rent for the real property; instead, enter the name(s) of the lessor business that received rent payments.

- **Line 2.** Enter the primary activities of the business identified in Part I, line 1. Do not include the activities of any lessee businesses that rented the real property.
- **Line 3.** Check the box to indicate how the business identified in Part I, line 1 was organized on the date of the sale. If "Other," explain how the business was organized.
- **Line 4.** Enter the address of the real property sold, or enter the legal description of the real property if no address is available.

- **Line 5.** Enter the acquisition date and sale date for the real property sold, as indicated in supporting documentation.
- **Line 6.** Enter the length of the holding period in years and months.

Line 7. If the ownership period indicated in Part I, line 5 is less than ten years, explain why the ownership period differs from the holding period entered in Part I, line 6. Real property used in a non-farm business must be held, as defined using Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 1223, for at least ten years to qualify for the lowa capital gain deduction. For example, the real property sold may have been acquired in a like-kind exchange or an involuntary conversion, and the holding period of the real property sold plus the previously-held property may be at least ten years.

#### Part II: Details of Property Sold

- Line 1. Check the box to indicate whether the taxpayer's capital gain resulted from the sale of property by a C corporation. The sale of assets by a C corporation does not qualify for the Iowa capital gain deduction. Note: The gain from a corporate liquidation under IRC section 331 may qualify for the Iowa capital gain deduction. If the gain is realized under IRC section 331, check "No" and continue to Part II, line 2.
- Line 2. If married filing jointly and both spouses are the only owners, check yes. If married filing separately and both spouses are owners, check no; each spouse must complete an IA100C and indicate on line 3 the separate ownership percentage of that spouse.
- **Line 3.** Enter the taxpayer's ownership percentage of the property sold at the time of the sale to three decimal places (for example: 50.0%; 33.3%). If not the sole owner, the taxpayer's ownership percentage must be less than 100% and greater than 0%.
- **Line 4.** Enter the names of all persons and entities that owned the property at the time of sale. If the capital gain flowed through to the taxpayer from a partnership, S corporation, limited liability company (LLC), estate, or trust, all owners of the entity must be reported.

**Line 5.** Check all boxes that indicate how the taxpayer acquired the property. If "Other", explain how the taxpayer acquired the property.

**Line 6.** Enter the names of all persons and entities that purchased the property.

Line 7. Check the box to indicate whether the capital gain comes from an installment sale. If "Yes," enter the date of the first installment, the expected date of the final installment, the total capital gain generated by the sale, and the capital gain the taxpayer received during tax year 2017. Do not include any interest received.

### Part III: Material Participation in a Business

**Line 1.** Describe in detail how the business identified in Part I, line 1 used the real property sold.

Lines 2a-2g. The taxpayer must satisfy at least one of these seven tests for material participation for each of the ten years prior to the sale; however, the taxpayer may instead satisfy Test 6 for at least three years. Check the box for each test claimed. More than one test may be claimed. For more information on the tests for material participation, see the instructions below and 701 IAC 40.38(1)"e".

**Tests 2 and 3:** If claiming either of these tests, the taxpayer must consider the activities of all persons who participated in the business, including employees of the business and non-employees who helped maintain the property or otherwise participated in the business.

**Test 4:** If claiming this test, include a separate statement explaining the taxpayer's activities and hours of participation in all businesses claimed. Note: The taxpayer must participate in each such business more than 100 hours but no more than 500 hours for each year claimed.

**Test 5:** If claiming this test, the taxpayer must be able to show that, for each year claimed, the taxpayer materially participated under any of Tests 1 to 4 for five of the ten years prior to the year claimed. If claiming this test, the taxpayer must also report having satisfied at least one of Tests 1 to 4.

**Test 6:** If claiming this test, enter at least three years in Part III, line 3. These three years may be before the ten years prior to the sale. A personal service activity involves the performance of personal services in the fields of health, law, engineering, actuarial science, architecture, accounting, performing arts, consulting, or any other trade or business in which capital is not a material income-producing factor.

**Test 7:** If claiming this test, include a separate statement explaining how, based on all facts and circumstances, the taxpayer materially participated in the business each year.

**Line 3.** Enter the taxpayer's daily, weekly, monthly, and yearly activities in the business identified in Part I, line 1 during the ten years prior to the sale (if Test 6 is claimed in Part III, line 2. enter the activities for the relevant threeyear period). The activities must verify the taxpayer satisfies the test(s) claimed in Part III, line 2. Describe the activities in detail, and include the year(s) the taxpayer performed the activities. Do not include activities performed by any person other than the taxpayer, such as tenants and employees. The taxpayer's activities must be supported by records. Records prepared long after the activity generally cannot establish material participation.

**Line 4.** Enter the amount of the taxpayer's capital gain deduction claimed. The eligibility of the lowa capital gain deduction reported here is subject to further examination by the Department.